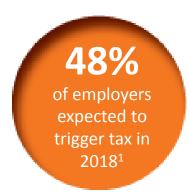
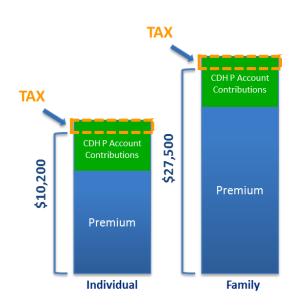


$W_{\text{hat is the }}C_{\text{adillac}}T_{\text{ax?}}$

- ACA Excise Tax on High Cost Health Coverage
- Effective January 1, 2018
- 40%* non-deductible tax on health care costs greater than:
 - \$10,200 for Individual Coverage
 - \$27,500 for Family Coverage
- The tax was intended to discourage excessively rich health plans that also have minimal consumer cost sharing





How is the Tax Assessed?

- Tax is on each employee that exceeds the set thresholds
- Calculation includes premiums, on-site clinic costs and pre-tax Employer and Employee contributions to HSAs, HRAs or FSAs
- Excludes insured, stand-alone dental and vision coverage
- At least 48% of employers expected to trigger the Excise Tax in 2018; 82% could by 2023¹, making the Cadillac Tax the rule rather than the exception, much like the Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)



^{* 61%} effective rate including tax-on-tax gross-up

Consumer-Driven \mathcal{H}_{ealth} Plans' Impact On \mathcal{H}_{ealth} Care

- It's estimated that over 100 million
 Americans benefit from these accounts
 today³
- One major health plan found that CDHP's drove 7% lower spend on health care, while increasing Primary Care Physician (PCP) visits and drug adherence⁴
- Companies increasing enrollment by 20% or more to their CDHP over the last year report average cost trends of only 2% over the period¹
- CDHP participants are more likely to exhibit cost-conscious behaviors and participate in wellness programs⁵

Effectiveness of Strategies for Health Care Cost Reduction²



Cadillac Tax directly affects two of the most effective strategies!

\mathcal{H}_{ow} the $\mathcal{C}_{adillac}$ \mathcal{T}_{ax} \mathcal{H}_{urts} \mathcal{C}_{DHPs}

COMPANY ABC



- Consumer-driven health plans have proven to be one of most effective ways to reduce health care costs
- The Cadillac tax calculation includes pre-tax employee and employer contributions to CDHPs, thereby penalizing the most affordable of healthcare plans
- States that generally have higher costs of living will likely have plans that trigger the tax sooner, rather than later
- Companies are looking to reduce all risk of the tax and are considering significantly reducing or eliminating contributions to CDHP accounts

"[We are] considering eliminating the FSA entirely if it does not get excluded from excise tax calculations"

~Fortune 50 Company

1. 10th Anniversary Aetna HealthFund® study, Aetna

[&]quot;Findings from the 2014 EBRI/Greenwald & Associates Consumer Engagement in Health Care Survey", Employee Benefit Research Institute. December. 2014



^{2. &}quot;Employer Health Benefits Survey 2014," Kaiser Family Foundation / Health Research & Educational Trust

Data compiled from U.S. Census Bureau and Visa research, July 2012; "U.S. Consumer-Driven Healthcare: Health Benefit Account Market Sizing", Aite Group, November 2013; "2014 Year-End Devenir HSA Research Report", February, 2015